gloss enamel (White)

MATCHLESS MARINER, Marine paint gloss enamel (White)

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: MATCHLESS MARINER, Marine paint
Manufactured/supplied	: Societe Laurentide 4660 12e Avenue Qc,Shawinigan-sud G9N 6T5
Trade name	: Alkyde paint
Code	: 001870
Validation date	: 2011-03-28.
Validated by:	: Whims Departement
In case of Emergency	CANUTEC (613) 996-6666
Product type	: Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Physical state	Liquid.	
Odor	Solvent odeur	
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Stand (29 CFR 1910.1200).	dard
Emergency overview	DANGER!	
	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES DIGESTIVE TRACT BURNS. CAUSES RESPIRATOR TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.	ł۲
Precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not in Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for Wash thoroughly after handling.	only
Routes of entry	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.	
Potential acute health effect		
Inhalation	Irritating to respiratory system.	
Ingestion	Very toxic if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
Skin	Irritating to skin.	
Eyes	Irritating to eyes.	
Potential chronic health effe		
Chronic effects	Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.	
Carcinogenicity	Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration a level of exposure.	and
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Target organs	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lung upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).	js,
Over-exposure signs/sympt		
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	

2. Hazards identification

Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

ethylbenzene

3. **Composition/information on ingredients** Name **CAS number** % Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. 64742-88-7 10-30 titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 10-30 10-30 Stoddard solvent 8052-41-3 Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free 112926-00-8 1-5 Benzene, dimethyl-1330-20-7 0.1-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

100-41-4

0.1-1

4.	First aid measures	aid measures	
Eve	ontoot	Check for and romave any contact langes	Immodiately flue

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin contact	 In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. If potentially dangerous quantities of this material have been swallowed, call a physician immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.



5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	: Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 48 to 53℃ (118,4 to 127,4뚜) [Setaflas h.]
Flammable limits	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	
	Not available.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.



7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
titanium dioxide	US ACGIH 1/2009	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
	BC 9/2009	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a] [b] [c]
		-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	ON 8/2008	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	QC 6/2008	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
Stoddard solvent	US ACGIH 1/2008	100	525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 6/2008	100	572	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 6/2008	-	290	-	-	580	-	-	-	-	
	ON 6/2008	-	525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	100	525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Benzene, dimethyl-	US ACGIH 1/2008	100	434	-	150	651	-	-	-	-	
	AB 6/2008	100	434	-	150	651	-	-	-	-	
	BC 6/2008	100	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 6/2008	100	435	-	150	650	-	-	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	100	434	-	150	651	-	-	-	-	
ethylbenzene	US ACGIH 1/2009	100	-	-	125	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	100	434	-	125	543	-	-	-	ŀ	
	BC 9/2009	100	-	-	125	-	-	-	-	ŀ	
	ON 8/2008	100	435	-	125	540	-	-	-	ŀ	
	QC 6/2008	100	434	-	125	543	-	-	-	ŀ	
Silica gel, pptd., crystfree	AB 6/2008	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 6/2008	-	1,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	ŀ	[e]
		-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 6/2008	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[f]

[3]Skin sensitization

Form: [a]Respirable dust [b]Total dust [c]total dust [d]Total dust. [e]Respirable [f]Respirable dust.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.



MATCHLESS MARINER, Marine paint gloss enamel (White)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eyes	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance (Physical state)	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 48 to 53°C (118,4 to 127,4°F) [Setaflas h.]
Flammable limits	: Not available.
Color	: White.
Odor	: Solvent odeur
рН	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1,05
Vapor density	: Not available.
Volatility	: 75% (v/v)
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
VOC content	: 495 g/l [Method 24]



10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	 Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Materials to avoid	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

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Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose		Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LC50 Inhalation	Vapor	Rat	>14,1	mg/L	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal		Rat		8 mg/kg	-
Benzene, dimethyl-	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation	Gas.	Rat Rat	>6,210 5000 p	6 mg/kg pom	- 4 hours
,,,	LD50 Dermal		Rabbit	>1700	mg/kg	-
othylhanzona	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal		Rat Rabbit	4300 n >5000		-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermai		Rat	>5000 3500 r		-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				0 0	
Chronic toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
<u>Sensitizer</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
titanium dioxide	A4	2B	-	-	-	-
Silica gel, pptd., crystfree ethylbenzene	- A3	3 2B	-	-	-	-
		20	-		-	
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					



12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 5,5 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <24 hours	48 hours
Benzene, dimethyl-	Acute LC50 8500 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3300 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0,6	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 2930 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <=24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >5200 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 6800 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <=24 hours	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 3300 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Persistence/degradability			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical h	nazards.	

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: Please recycle this product. To find the points of deposits in your municipality Please consult the www.peinture.ca

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	1263	PAINTS (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.)	3			Remarks 1.17 Exemption related to limited quantities 5 Litres For containers of 450 litres or less,EXEMPTED from transport of Dangerous Goods by road according to exemption of article 1.33

an art information

14. Transport Information					
IMDG Class		PAINTS (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.)	3		-
IATA-DGR Class		PAINTS (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.)	3	111	-

PG* : Packing group

Regulatory information 15.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).



Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

The following components are listed: Stoddard solvent; Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic

CEPA Toxic substances None of the components are listed.

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Canada inventory

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

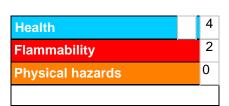
All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

Label	rea	uiro	moi	nte
Laver	Tey	une	me	ıιs

: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES DIGESTIVE TRACT BURNS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



16. Other information



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Date of issue	: 2011-03-28.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 0.02

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

